

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

**Please replace the paragraph at page 1, line 17, with the following rewritten paragraph:**

Generally, such a PDP contains a front plate and a back plate oppositely disposed with each other, and a plurality of discharge cells therebetween. The front plate consists of a front glass substrate, scan electrodes and sustain electrodes which form display electrodes and are disposed on the front glass ~~substrate~~, A substrate. A dielectric layer and a protecting layer are formed to cover the display electrodes. On the other hand, the back plate consists of a back glass substrate and ~~the~~, ~~address~~ the address electrodes are formed on the back glass substrate so as to be orthogonal to the display electrodes. The address electrodes are covered with a dielectric layer, and over which, barrier ribs are formed in parallel with the address electrodes. Furthermore, phosphor layers are formed between the barrier ribs and on the surface of the dielectric layer. Discharge cells are formed at each intersection of the display electrodes and the address electrodes.

**Please replace the paragraph at page 2, line 11, with the following rewritten paragraph:**

In driving a PDP, application of voltage for providing the entire PDP with uniform lighting (hereinafter, operating voltage) is required. In such a PDP that has just finished the assembly process, generally, the operating voltage is too high, and the discharge itself is in an unstable condition. The PDP therefore undergoes aging in the manufacturing process to lower the operating voltage and obtain consistent and stable discharge characteristics of each discharge cell.

**Please replace the paragraph at page 3, line 18, with the following rewritten paragraph:**

To achieve the object, the method of aging PDPs contains a first aging ~~period~~ in period in which at least any one of the scan electrodes, the sustain electrodes, and the address electrodes undergo an application of voltage for suppressing a self-erase discharge that follows an aging discharge generated by application of voltage in which the scan electrodes carry a voltage level higher than the sustain electrodes; and a second aging period in which at least any one of the scan electrodes, the sustain electrodes, and the address electrodes undergo an application of voltage for

suppressing a self-erase discharge that follows an aging discharge generated by the application of voltage in which the sustain electrodes carry a voltage level higher than the scan electrodes.